

SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXIII NO. 288

SEYMORE, INDIANA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1914

PRICE TWO CENTS

MANY TURKEYS ARE SHIPPED FROM HERE

From 10,000 to 15,000 Thanksgiving Birds From This Vicinity Will be Sent at the East.

RECEIPTS UNDER THE AVERAGE

Dressed Turkeys Retailing for 25 Cents Per Pound—Price on Foot is 16 Cents Per-Pound.

Through the local poultry houses from 12,000 to 15,000 Thanksgiving turkeys will be shipped from this city. The farmers are bringing the birds to the city market in large numbers each day and several thousand will be purchased here this week. Most of the shipments are sent to the east, principally to New York. Dealers declare that the receipts this year have not been as large as in other years and it is believed that many of the farmers are holding their turkeys for the Christmas market.

The wholesale price of Thanksgiving birds this year is two cents less than it was last fall and it is thought that the farmers are holding the birds back hoping that the price of the Christmas market will be higher. It is stated, however, that there will probably be little or no change in the market in a month from now as the receipts are lighter now than usual which means that a larger number of birds will be marketed for Christmas. It is pointed out that those who expected the price to jump upwards about Christmas time may be disappointed and that those who sell early will probably get the benefit of the steady market.

Turkeys will be served at many Thanksgiving dinners in this city this year but those who purchase them will find that they cost from 16 cents to 25 cents per pound. Very few birds have been sold up to this time but the demand will increase as the annual day of thanks approaches. Birds on foot are retailing for about sixteen cents per pound and dressed turkeys are costing the consumer about twenty-five cents a pound. The retail price is approximately the same as last year.

Poultry men say the turkeys that have been received this fall are in good condition. They issued notices to farmers several weeks ago that only the best quality would be purchased and as a result the choice of the flock is being brought to the city. The others are being held and will be fattened for the market next month.

Some weeks ago it was reported that turkeys would be much lower in price than last year and many housewives at that time decided to celebrate the holiday by serving one on the Thanksgiving dinner but when inquiry was made concerning the market it was discovered that the prices were about the same as usual. Some explain the jump in price by the appearance of the foot and mouth disease among live stock which has reduced the supply of beef and pork but it is pointed out that the price of meat remains unchanged despite the reported shortage. The supply of turkeys remains almost the same each year and the demand governs

the price. Dealers and others who give attention to the condition of the market placed little faith in the early report that the price would be lower this fall.

DAMAGE CASE WILL GO TO JURY THIS AFTERNOON

Attorneys on Each Side Are Given Two Hours in Which to Sum up Evidence and Argue Case.

Bulletin.

The jury in the \$1,000 damage suit of James Leighton against Harvey L. McCord, et al., returned a verdict in favor of the defendants about 4 o'clock this afternoon. The jury reached the verdict after a few moments' deliberation.

With an allowance of two hours for arguments to each side the plaintiff's attorneys in the case of James Leighton against Harvey L. McCord, et al., began to sum up the evidence and present the law to the jury about 9 o'clock this morning. The arguments were continued until noon when court adjourned until 1 o'clock.

The attorneys for the defendants talked for two hours this afternoon after which the plaintiff's lawyers will answer in rebuttal. The court will then give instructions to the jury. It is thought the case will get to the jury about 4 o'clock.

The plaintiff did not complete the examination of witnesses in rebuttal before court adjourned Wednesday afternoon and a session was held last night so that the arguments could be completed today. The introduction of evidence required much more time than the attorneys and others interested in the case believed when the trial started.

There is considerable interest in the outcome of the trial and many are of the opinion that the defendants will be given a quick verdict. It is not believed that more than three or four ballots at most will be required to reach a verdict, yet some who have heard the evidence are of the opinion that the jury will be unable to agree.

BRIGHT METEOR TRAVELING FROM WEST TO EAST IS SEEN

Several Persons Here Saw Fiery Heavenly Body Followed by Long Stream of Fire.

Appearing in the west and traveling towards the east a bright stream of fire swept the heavens a few minutes after 6 o'clock Wednesday night. The light which was said to be very vivid was supposed to be caused by a meteor and was seen by a number of persons who chanced to be on the streets at that time.

Those who saw the supposed meteor declare that although it traveled very rapidly it left behind it a long trail of fire. The light could be seen until the fiery body disappeared in the east. The meteor was traveling very high and appeared before many stars were visible. It is unusual for a meteor to be seen so early in the evening but those who saw it declare that they could not have been mistaken.

They say they are positive that it could not have been a flash of forked lightning as the stream of fire had a reddish glow. The meteor appeared to be large but there was no audible sound as it shot across the sky.

Bazaar and Market.

Saturday afternoon at Public Service Company. Benefit Loyal Devotion Society of Christian church.

n20d

Fresh oysters. Kelly's Lunch Stand.

n3d-tf

Have you rented a safety box in that new vault at

The Seymour National Bank

If not, come in and let us show you real safety, in a modern fire proof and burglarproof vault.

Remember we pay you interest on your time deposits.

CARTER'S DRUG STORE.
The Rexall Store

Seymour National Bank

F.H. Gates & Son

Thanksgiving Fruits, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Etc.

A fine line of new Christmas Box Candies.

Buy now and get first choice.

SIMMS INSPECTS THE BATTLE FRONT

United Press Correspondent Finds Allied Army in a Splendid Condition and Confident.

GENERAL JOFFRE IS A MASTER MORE CONTRIBUTIONS MADE

Head of the French Troops has Perfected Splendid Organization in the Ranks.

By United Press

Paris, November 19.—William Philip Simms, staff correspondent of the United Press, who was chosen by the French government to represent America at front, today reported in a copyrighted statement the result of his first inspection. Simms said that after talking with officers and men at the front for several days he was confident that the general condition of the Allies is excellent and that the French army is unafraid, prepared to wage war to the end.

"I have yet to see a disgruntled soldier," he said. "The French system of feeding its army is perfectly organized. General Joffre stands forth as the guardian of the men of France. His officers are confident they will outlast Germany from the standpoint of men, despite the fact that France's population is smaller. They believe this because General Joffre is a master at conserving his troops. In the fighting up to today the French losses have been infinitely smaller than those of the Germans."

FOUR KILLED WHEN TRAIN CRASHES INTO MACHINE

Driver of Machine Unable to See Approaching Pennsylvania Train Because of Side Curtains.

By United Press

Ft. Wayne, Ind., November 19.—Mayor Durbin Leslie, of Convoy, O., his wife and her parents, Dr. and Mrs. S. E. Dehayes, also of Convoy, were killed at 5:45 o'clock this morning when the westbound Pennsylvania limited train struck the automobile they occupied.

The party was on their way to Van Wert, where Dr. and Mrs. Dehayes were to board a train for Mississippi to spend the winter. The machine was curtailed to protect its occupants from the cold, and they failed to see or hear the train.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY FORCE DEFEATED NEAR CRACOW

Vienna Dispatch Says Three Thousand Prisoners Taken by the German Troops.

By United Press

Berlin, Nov. 19 (By Wireless)—A Russian cavalry force was defeated near Cracow and 3,000 prisoners taken, stated an official dispatch from Vienna, covering operations in Galicia and Poland.

"Conditions are steadily improving" the statement said, "as a result of the operations of German and Austrian troops. In the Carpathians we occupy strong positions and the Russians advance is unimportant."

We do "Printing that Please."

LODGES URGED TO AID IN MOVEMENT

Members Asked to Bring Belgian Relief Fund Matter Before Meetings of Earliest Date.

GENERAL JOFFRE IS A MASTER MORE CONTRIBUTIONS MADE

Residents of Towns and Rural Communities of the County Are Urged to Give Assistance.

Belgian Relief Fund.

Previously Acknowledged	\$61.00
Anna Massman75
J. H. Kamman	1.25
C. W. Burkart75
W. H. Droege	1.25
Anna Mills	1.25
J. S. Mills75
Harry M. Miller	2.00
John Murray	5.00
Will Richard (corn exchange 4 sacks meal)	3.00
Everett Richards (corn exchange 4 sacks meal)	3.00
Total	\$80.00

Realizing that the condition of distress and famine in Belgium is such as to command the immediate attention of charitable Americans, several lodges in this city have become interested in the success of the relief fund. One member of each lodge has been asked to bring the matter before his order at the earliest possible moment and it is known that several of them will make contributions.

Other organizations in the city expect to help in this movement and will urge their members to contribute as liberally as possible. The cause will be fully explained at several of the Sunday Schools next Sunday and the members will be asked to donate what they can for the relief of the famine stricken people of Belgium.

Additional contributions continue to come to the Seymour Banks, the Blish Milling Company, the Hodapp Hominy Company and the Republican Office. Will Richards and Everett Richards today each authorized the Hodapp Hominy Company to exchange corn in storage for four sacks of meal. It is expected that a number of other farmers who have corn and wheat in storage will authorize an exchange for flour and meal. Such contributions are gladly received and the names of the donors are written on the tags which are attached to each sack they give.

It is believed that the fund will grow rapidly next week and it is hoped that sufficient contributions can be received to more than fill a large ear. In order to do this the people who are interested in the movement must make their contributions at the earliest possible moment for the shipment must be moved from Seymour the first week in December so that it will reach New York in time to be loaded on the relief ship, "Northwestern Miller," which will carry the cargo to Belgium.

The movement to aid Belgium is in strict conformity with the neutrality proclamation of President Wilson. It is a humane movement and has the sanction of all foreign countries, Germany, France, Russia and Great

Britain are all interested in the great American movement to bring aid to the women and children of that country who were left in a destitute condition by the fate of war.

The relief movement has reached every nook and corner of the American commonwealth. Hundreds of villages and towns are sending carloads of supplies and in the cities the contributions have reached the thousands. The appeal from these people is one that touches the heart of every American citizen and the picture of helpless women and innocent children slowly dying from starvation while in America food is plentiful, is one that causes everyone to desire to assist in whatever way they can.

Persons who are interested in the local movement feel that this city and community should do their share in sending relief. The towns and farming communities are appealed to to join in the movement and contribute flour or meal or a small cash amount.

By United Press

Washington, Nov. 19—With communication apparently interrupted with the cruiser Tennessee whose launch was fired upon by the Turkish forts at Smyrna Tuesday afternoon Secretary Daniels this afternoon tried by every possible means to get in touch with the cruiser.

The state department is a trifle worried for the safety of the American consul at Smyrna. Not a word

came today regarding the situation from Ambassador Morganthau. Interruption of communication from Turkey and Asia Minor is not an unusual thing, state department official explained. Recently it has taken from four days to a week to get messages through from Constantinople.

By United Press

Petrograd, November 19.—Two battles of tremendous importance in the Russian campaign against East Prussia and Posen are now raging. Neither has reached a decisive stage, it is declared here, but Russian forces are pushing forward with utmost energy.

The battle in East Prussia is still raging along the Gumbinnen-Angerburg front. The war office claimed that the German entrenchment had been taken in the Mazurian Lake region. In Poland it is claimed that the German advance guard between the Vistula and Warthe was forced to fall back.

INFANTRY ASSAULTS ALONG LINE IN FLANDERS STOPPED

Campaign Along Northern Front Characterized by Heavy Bombardments.

By United Press

Paris, November 19.—Heavy bombardments by the German artillery along the northern front still marks the fighting in that section, today's official statement declares. Infantry assaults along the right line in Flanders have been abandoned but the artillery duels continue with great ferocity.

Continued assaults at Tracy El Val, captured by the Allies during the last week, have been repulsed.

LAST TRIBUTE TO "BOBS" IS PAID BY ENGLAND

Thousands Stand Uncovered as Funeral Cortege of Lord Roberts Passes Along Street.

By United Press

London, November 19.—England paid its last tribute to "Bobs" today. In a cold drizzle of rain, thousands stood reverently uncovered as the funeral cortege of Lord Robert's, Britain illustrious soldier, moved through the streets to St. Paul's where the funeral services were held.

Notice.

Hereafter our Retail Poultry Department will be discontinued.

n23d Seymour Poultry Co.

All Hair cuts, 20c; shave, 10c; scissors sharpened. Sprenger Barber shop.

n2dtf

ANXIETY FELT FOR AMERICAN CONSUL

State Department Receives Nothing Further Regarding Tennessee Incident in Gulf of Smyrna.

INVESTIGATION BY DANIELS

Officials State That Frequently Communication From Asia Minor is Interrupted.

By United Press

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an unusual thing, state department official explained. Recently it has taken from four days to a week to get messages through from Constantinople.

By United Press

Al Paso, Tex., Nov. 19—The armies of General Villa continue to sweep through the state of Guanajuato, Mexico, almost without opposition. The troops are gathering in that state for a rapid dash against Mexico City itself according to advices today.

Troops under the command of De Navides occupied Guanajuato, capital of the state of the name during the night. There was no fighting as the Carranza defenders went eastward as Villa's men appeared.

Washington, Nov. 19—Villa's army

has advanced from Leon about 50 miles nearer Mexico City, according to official advices to the state department this afternoon. No resistance is being offered by Carranza's troops. They have evacuated positions along the railroad before the advance of Villa's army, the dispatch stated.

Herd Quarantined.

By United Press

Martinsville, Ind., Nov. 19—Six more cases of the foot and mouth disease have developed in this county. The disease is in the herd on the farm of John W. Vandenburg east of this city. The farm has been quarantined. Thirty-seven head of cattle were brought from Chicago to the farm a few weeks ago.

Seymour Business College Phone 403

Typewriters Rented. J. H. EuDaly

Shop Early.

Now is the time to make appointment for a sitting for the photographs you want for Christmas. Portraits are sure to please if made at Platter's.

MAJESTIC TONIGHT

"CHARLES & MARIE McGEE"

Presenting their own original Comedy Duo of Singing and Talking.</

H. C. DANNETTELL

Real Estate Agency

FARMS AND CITY PROPERTY
STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE FOR SALE OR
EXCHANGE—LOANS, RENTALS

Office: Cor. Second and Chestnut Streets, Seymour, Ind.

5-room cottage, north side, modern except furnace.
5-room, second ward, modern except furnace.7-room, 2-story, slate roof, two and one-half acres,
adjoins city.

Rooming house, in close, to exchange for farm.

Many other houses, any location, prices from \$600
up. Some real bargains.

205-acre White River bottom farm, improved.

100-acre White River bottom farm, improved.

165-acre highly improved farm three miles from

Seymour.

140-acre farm, well improved, two miles of city.

27 acres on Traction, four miles out, small house.

Farms, all sizes, in southern Indiana, any county.

Farm, 180 acres, fine, large house and barn, part
trade; this house has light and bath, a perfect home,
four miles out.Also farms to exchange for stock of merchandise or rentals. Call
or write me.**JOHN CONGDON**

Office 9 West Second St.

Does not make a specialty of real estate. But does handle special bargains in both city and farm property. If you want a bargain in either see him before buying. He handles all kinds of insurance in good companies and his sick and accident company

The Continental

offers the best policy obtainable, this is just as essential as food. When his agent calls on you do not turn a deaf ear.

**Lumber That
Lasts**

Is the kind you want in that new house. The lumber bill in building is always a big item, but it is poor economy to buy second grade stock. You want your home not only to look well, but to last.

We have furnished the material for a large number of Seymour's most beautiful homes, and feel confident we can please you and save you money.

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work, Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

The Travis Carter Co.

**We do Plumbing,
Heating,
Electric Wiring
and Sewerage**

W. C. BEVINS
Phone 165

**The New Building and
Loan Association**

The New Building & Loan Association will mature its first stock on December 7th next. This stock will run six years and nine weeks, and shows a net return of 8 per cent. on every dollar invested by the stockholders.

On this basis, on ten shares of stock, the investor has paid, in the six years and nine weeks, \$802.50, and will receive, on Dec. 7th, a check for \$1,000.

This remarkable record is made possible by careful, conscientious business methods, and a minimum expense in carrying on the business.

This new, strong and vigorous company, managed by successful and practical business men offers to the citizens of Seymour and vicinity a most attractive form of investment and guarantees to you absolute security.

We shall be glad to give you particulars and any information desired.

New Building and Loan Association

Geo. Huber, President.
J. S. Mills, Treasurer.
Harry M. Miller, Secretary.

POSTAL BLDG.

**"There Are
No Empty Houses
In Seymour"****---There Is a Reason**

This, the slogan of Fall Festival Week in Seymour, was never more true than today. If you doubt it, start out and try to find one.

Especially is this true of modern houses. Despite the fact that practically all of the larger houses which have been erected within the past few years have been modern in every respect, there is a notable scarcity of such houses available today.

Many homes in all parts of the city have been remodeled and modernized in the past few years, but still the demand far exceeds the supply.

More and more home builders are beginning to regard water, gas, and electricity, formerly looked upon as luxuries, as necessities, and the modernly equipped home does not stay idle long these days—not in Seymour. There is a constantly growing demand for good rental properties, and desirable places are hard to find.

This despite the fact that Seymour is essentially a City of Home Owners—a city which has probably a larger percentage of citizens owning their own homes than any city of like size in the state.

The best thing, the most encouraging feature, of all this, is the fact that unlike many other towns, we have had no 'mushroom' growth, no industrial 'booms', no attempts to inflate real estate values, but only a sure, steady, normal, healthy growth, a growth which has been the result of the general prosperity of our business men and manufacturing institutions, and the steady work afforded our laboring men, a growth which must continue and which will make for not only a larger, but for a better Seymour.

If houses are scarce, building lots, especially on the principal residence streets, are almost impossible to find. To secure a desirable building lot it is almost necessary to purchase a house and lot, and either move the house off the lot or tear it down, or to go to one of the new residence additions, which are rapidly being built up.

Instrumental in the building of many Seymour homes have been the Building and Loan Associations of the city. The Building and Loan plan presents an ideal solution of the home question to the man of moderate means and not only this, but it also presents an investment proposition which is proving more and more popular to those who desire a safe and profitable place for their savings. A few shares in a Building and Loan Association is one of the best incentives to regular and systematic saving. Managed, as the local institutions are, by practical, successful, business men, they are valuable and vital factors in the business affairs of the city.

The Real Estate dealers of the city form a convenient and essential medium between the buyer and the seller, and deal extensively in city property and farm lands.

The city is also fortunate in having a large number of successful builders and contractors, and no one need go out of town when planning his home. The products of the local dealers in building material have received recognition throughout the state.

So remember, when planning your new home, that local Real Estate men can secure you your location, local architects can draw your plans, local contractors can build it, local lumber mills can supply your materials and local plumbers can equip it with all modern conveniences. No use to go out of town—keep your money in Seymour.

**Regular Saving Is the Foundation
of Success in Business and
Home Making.**

The Cooperative Building and Loan Association offers the citizens of Seymour the opportunity to save their money in any amount from 25c per week up. These accumulated savings are loaned where the money is absolutely safe, on first mortgage on real estate in Jackson county. The earnings are apportioned to the stockholders every three months in proportion to the amounts paid in. By this plan your savings earn money from the day you invest them and in a little while you have a good sum with which you can secure a home or go into business or do any other of a dozen things you have in mind.

See the secretary and arrange to save money regularly under the plan that will earn you dividends while you save.

Cooperative Building and Loan Association

C. D. Billings, President.
Thos. J. Clark, Secretary.

Opera House Block.

W. H. BURKLEY

INSURANCE

RENTING

Real Estate and Loans

114½ S. Chestnut St. Phone 344. SEYMORE, IND.

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans is my business. In Real Estate I can satisfy your wants. In Insurance I handle only the best indemnity. Also handle rentals at reasonable commission.

Private money loaned on first mortgage security.

My motto is: "A square deal in all business transactions". Satisfied clients are my best recommendation.

The Seymour Planing Mill Co.

BUILDERS OF MANY OF SEYMORE'S MOST BEAUTIFUL HOMES.

A firm with the reputation of giving the most careful attention to the smallest details of every contract. Let us figure on your new home.

WELL AND SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT

means that a house has extra good lumber put into it. That when it settles there will be few if any cracks in the walls and plaster, that it will have good, firm floors, that will retain their good appearance, that the doors and trim and window sash will stay true with little shrinkage, making a warm home in winter. If you would have such a house see to it that the lumber contract is given to The Seymour Planing Mill Co., 419 South Chestnut street, whose reputation for fair and square dealing cannot be questioned.

Westover**To the Prospective Home Builders:**

Westover building lots, range in price from \$150.00 to \$500.00. We sell them either for cash or on the payment plan.

We want you to consider our best improved lots, where we have put out shade trees, laid concrete walks, curb and gutter, excavated to proper grade, rolled the sub-grade and put in the gravel street.

We also have just completed one of the best sewers that it is possible to construct, with a "Y" left for each residence lot. The contractors, W. C. Bevins & Co., have given a maintenance bond to maintain same. The six-inch water main has been laid to supply all modern homes with water, and fire hydrants have been placed to protect homes from fire. All of this work has been done under the direction of the city engineer. Nothing has been "guessed."

The price of these modern improved lots range in price, according to size and location, from \$350.00 to \$500.00. The distance from the center of town, corner of Second and Chestnut streets, is six blocks.

If you are thinking of buying, look around at any vacant lot in the city of Seymour and you will find they are priced from \$500.00 to \$3,000.00 and will cost you from \$50.00 to \$150.00 to get sewer and water connection. Come and see us and we will be glad to show you about what a modern house will cost, according to size and style.

C. E. T. Dobbins & Co.

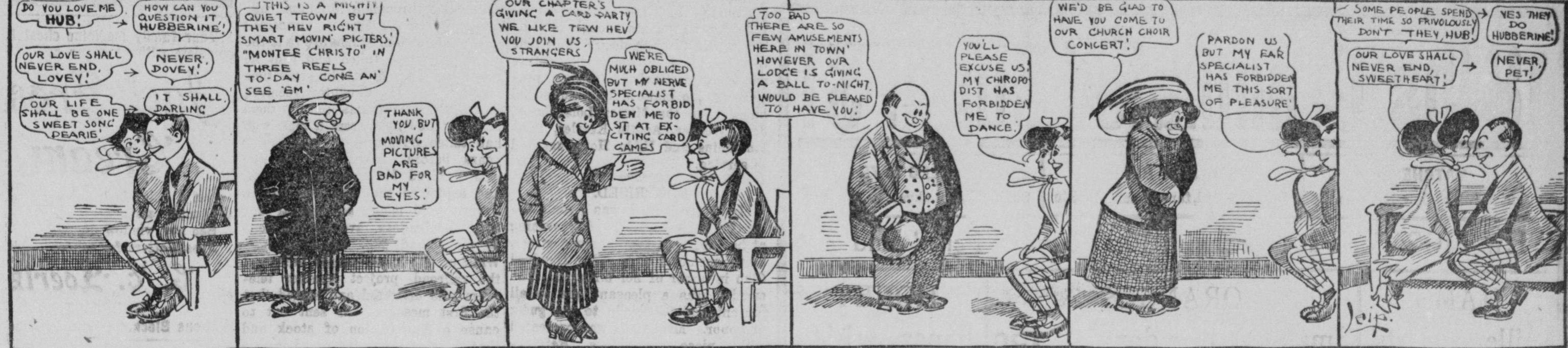
Increased Values Are Assured In

Westover

The Coming Residential Section of Seymour.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS

It takes Grace and her Hubby to know how to spend time to advantage



1st

NELSON ANSWERS
SEVERE CRITICISMFirst in
EverythingFirst in Quality
First in Results
First in Perity
First in Economy

and for these reasons Calumet Baking Powder is first in the hearts of the millions of housewives who use it and know it.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Fair Food Exposition,
Chicago, Illinois,
Paris Exposition, France, March,
1912.

Says Fight Against Foot and Mouth Disease is Hampered by Lack of Funds.

OUTBREAK CAME SUDDENLY

State Veterinarian Says Withdrawal of Federal Inspectors Throw More Work on His Office.

By United Press.

Indianapolis, November 19—Replying to rather severe criticism concerning the work done by his office in fighting the foot and mouth disease of live stock in Indiana, Dr. A. F. Nelson, state veterinarian, made a statement today exclusive to the United Press in which he gave in detail the work as done by his office and declared that his office had been hampered by lack of funds. When federal inspectors suddenly were withdrawn from Indiana and stationed in states more recently infected, the additional work came "as a bolt from a clear sky" and threw much of the work on the state veterinarian's office, he said.

Speaking of the funds at the disposal of his office, Dr. Nelson said:

"I have a specific sheep-sheaf fund of \$4,000; a fund for disease of swine of \$10,000 and an annual expense fund of \$3,800. The expense fund must cover all cost of destruction of animals, disinfecting premises, traveling expenses and office expenses for year. The other two funds cover only the matters specified."

Referring to the criticism directed against him, Dr. Nelson said:

"I no doubt have made mistakes and am not perfect, but I have tried to do what I considered best, without any hysteria, and have had the cooperation of the breeders, farmers, and livestock commission men to a man. I have had the earnest cooperation of such men as Warren McCray, as Supreme Judge John V. Hadley, Will Ade, William Vannatta, Melvin Akers, and hundreds of others that led in individual work, to say nothing of the live stock journals and associations."

"This calamity that came as a bolt from a clear sky found us unprepared to meet it. The federal government proposed to pay for animals and disinfect premises, provided the state of Indiana would reimburse them 50 per cent, for all animals destroyed—to make canvas of infected areas and handle all reports of new cases. The widespread outbreak caused the withdrawal of most federal veterinarians from this state and threw much of the work on this office. I have been severely criticised by many for not sitting in this office and directing the methods of operators in the field, but it has been necessary to corroborate or disprove as the case might be, many reports sent in, and often only my opinion would satisfy the public, which has been worked up to a stage of hysteria by 'scare' headlines. What we have needed is the help of the press in giving sound advice and directing the public to keep cool, or organize systematically and work for results."

The first two counties of St. Joseph and LaPorte organized and with the assistance of their county agents gave us splendid support. The South Bend Tribune seemed anxious to discredit both state and federal work and made the public believe we were not making any effort to protect them.

Dr. U. G. Houck, stationed at Niles, Mich., has charge of the federal work and is greatly handicapped, having only one office assistant, and he, as well as myself, has often had to visit in the field to straighten out matters. If anyone that is ac-

quainted with all the details of the work done by this department will criticise, it will have some effect on me, but attacks by a virulent press to reflect on the state administration by attacking me, I will leave to the farmers and stock raisers of Indiana for an answer."

Dr. Nelson described the steps that have been taken to combat the foot and mouth disease in Indiana. He began with the first outbreak in St. Joseph and LaPorte counties and told of the close quarantine established there and the house-to-house canvass. Only three cases were found outside this area and these, he said, were traced to causes that could not be foreseen, such as a shipment from Michigan, a shipment before quarantine was placed and the unadvised act of a farm hand.

"Dr. I. D. Reynierson of Brownsburg, Ind., was called to assist, as he had been tried out by handling animals during the Boer war. Dr. W. F. Myers of Fort Wayne, president of the state board of veterinary medical examiners, is another that was placed on the force, and on Nov. 9, the last infected herd in northern Indiana was destroyed at Notre Dame," the state officers said.

"Just when we were feeling that we had the greatest menace removed," the statement continued, "and that we need only watch for exposed animals developing the disease, the word came that cattle and sheep had been shipped from the Chicago Union Stockyards after infected animals had passed through them, thereby exposing them to the disease. Some 250 shipments aggregating near ten thousand cattle, were scattered over Indiana. A letter was sent to the local veterinarian closest to each shipment, and the state and federal authorities began a systematic effort to run down all Chicago shipments.

"Just as we were getting this work under good headway, infection appeared in other states, and the federal authorities had to scatter their men. The headquarters was removed from New Carlisle, and established locally in each county, as the disease was found. Practically every shipment in Indiana was located, but many had not yet been in the state long enough to develop the disease, so it was necessary to place men in each locality where shipments from Chicago were located. And in a large percentage of shipments from October 18 to the date when the Chicago stock yards closed, the disease appeared. I tried to establish at least temporary man in charge at all counties where the outbreak occurred, and this coupled with the visiting of affected herds, required to be efficient, an enormous force."

Dr. Nelson then described how the state board of health offered to assist him by appointing deputy health commissioners in each county to report direct to Dr. Nelson. It was proposed that the county health commissioner should look after the food and drink supply and Dr. Nelson's deputy should prevent the spread of the disease. This enabled Dr. Nelson to systematize his work, he said, until there came the reports of some counties refusing to recognize the new appointees or to recompense them, with the result of a certain amount of disorder again.

Dr. Nelson exhibited a telegram from Dr. R. A. Craig, veterinary connected with Purdue University, saying, "This is from a man who knows the situation during the outbreak. Possibly, in view of his standing both in the veterinary profession and as a man, knows all over the United States by breeders and stock raisers, his statement will tell more than I can and I have passed through during the last three weeks."

The telegram follows:

"I wish to offer you my assistance in your office work. I am doing this because I believe that you should have some rest. President Stone has consented to relieve me of my work here if you are willing to accept my services."

Signed "R. A. CRAIG."

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

HOW AMERICANS
CAN HELP WOUNDED

Distressing Condition in Austrian Hospitals Vividly Told by Newspaper Writer.

NEED OF COTTON AND GAUZE

Mer, Women and Children in Vienna Unravel Cotton Goods for Use in the Hospitals.

"The greatest complaint in America is the over supply of cotton. In Austria, wounded men are dying in agony for the lack of a few ounces of it. And soon it will be Christmas time throughout the world."—William G. Shepherd.

(By William G. Shepherd, United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Vienna, Oct. 19 (By mail to New York)—To the American citizen, home town U. S. A.

If Christmas means anything to you, here is your opportunity. This has nothing to do with war. It is about humanity. It is neutral—as neutral as pain and sympathy are universal.

For three weeks the hospitals here have been absolutely without cotton to dress the wounds of dying soldiers.

The American Red Cross corps, which arrived yesterday, brought a small supply, which was immediately distributed among the hospitals and will last only a few days with the most careful use.

Doctors and nurses are forced to use small bags of thread. Everybody in Vienna who can't help in any other way spends his or her spare time in unravelling small squares of cloth cut from sheets and handkerchiefs. The short pieces of thread are sewed into bags of gauze which are sterilized. The most delicate wound must be dressed with this rough, harsh material.

Americans, in the name of humanity, ought to send cotton to Austria. No other country can help in this way. The greatest complaint in America is the over supply of cotton. In Austria wounded men are dying in agony for the lack of a few ounces of it. And soon it will be Christmas as time throughout the world.

By parcels post a vast quantity of absorbent cotton can be sent to Vienna if American citizens will take upon themselves the personal responsibility of each buying and mailing a small box of cotton. If the package is addressed to The Red Cross, Vienna and is marked "Watte Fur Die Verwundete," (cotton for the wounded) it will reach the hospital within three weeks of the time it is posted in America. It should easily reach here before Christmas.

I have ascertained the exact situation in regard to the supply of cotton in hospitals. There is none. Even the supply of hospital gauze is giving out. Nurses are using only two-inch squares of gauze for cleaning purposes instead of the regulation gauze of handkerchief size. More gauze, it is believed, can be manufactured in Austria. But cotton for hospitals must be supplied from the outside world.

Wounded men, with bad sores, suffer exquisitely for lack of soft cotton on dressings. Head wounds, where portions of the skull are broken away, cannot be safely dressed with anything but the softest cotton.

In the operation rooms of the great hospitals in this city, which contains some of the greatest surgeons and the most famous in the world, the skill of the life saver is often set aside and their hands paled for lack of cotton dressing.

Nurses tell me the most distressing stories of being forced to use the

clumsy and harsh bags of ravelings on wounds where the most delicate nerves are exposed. A bag of ravelings dipped in benzine, is the means by which the first washing is given to all wounds except in most delicate and dangerous cases.

Mrs. Frederick Penfield, the wife of the American Ambassador, has taken up the work in the very small American colony, of starting "Raveling Parties." Mrs. Hamilton Kruger, an American artist, is also engaged in this work. In the cafes and restaurants men and women "ravel"; in the street cars and stores no hands are idle.

The American government may not be able to send cotton to Austria, but private American citizens may act with the Red Cross in the name of humanity, and help by making their shipments by parcel post.

Two weeks ago, nine hundred men, all terribly wounded by shrapnel were brought into the station at Vienna. They had travelled seventy-five hours from the battle field in Galicia near Lemberg.

There aren't enough nurses in Vienna. Many of them have been working 24 hours a day. One girl has a ward of eighteen of the worse wounded. She is always alone with them. In her ward within the past five weeks a dozen men have died during the time, when she, a former society girl, was the only person present to ease their last hours.

I'm getting used to the death rattle," she told me today, it wouldn't be so terrible if we had soft dressings for the wounds."

Remarkable Cure of Croup.

"Last winter when my little boy had croup I got him a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I honestly believe it saved his life," writes Mrs. J. B. Cook, Indiana, Pa. "It cut the phlegm and relieved his coughing spells. I am most grateful for what this remedy has done for him." For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

NO EFFORT MADE TO STOP HUNTING IN THIS COUNTY

Farmers Say Disease Among Live Stock Has Not Appeared and Danger is Very Small.

As the foot and mouth disease among live stock has not appeared in Jackson county the farmers are making little or no effort to stop hunting as suggested by Governor Ralston. It is reported that the disease is being checked in Indiana and now there is little likelihood that it will reach cattle and hogs in this vicinity. So far as known none of the cattle shipped from Chicago or other stockyards outside the state have become infected.

The Governor does not have the authority under existing laws to place an official ban upon hunting and at the request of farmers and stock raisers in counties where the disease was prevalent he suggested that hunting stop until the state veterinarian had the situation well under control. He urged the farmers and land owners to exercise their right to prevent hunting on their farms. Before the hunting season opened a number of farmers posted their land against hunting and trespassing but very few have prohibited hunting because of the Governor's suggestion. It is pointed out that as the disease has not appeared in this locality there is no danger of the germs being carried from one field to another by hunters or dogs and that a ban upon hunting would be entirely useless. The usual number of hunters are going to the fields each day and report that they are not denied the right to hunt upon land which was not previously posted with "no hunting" signs.

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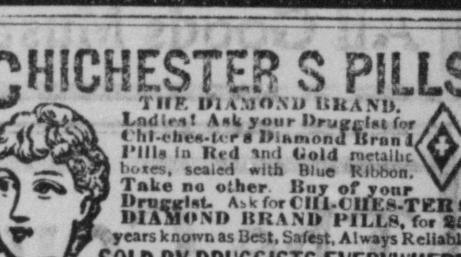
Nurses tell me the most distressing stories of being forced to use the



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Fancy white clover, two caps - - 35c

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Per quart 35c

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Ground or whole, 2 lbs..... 25c

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Large stalks, well bleached, 3 for 25c

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Large, each 10c

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1914.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

GUEST DAY.

The Indiana Study Club held its guest meeting at the home of Mrs. R. J. Barbour on North Chestnut street Wednesday afternoon. The house was beautifully decorated with ferns, bitter sweet and chrysanthemums. Mrs. Barbour as hostess was assisted in receiving the guests by the club members.

The program committee was fortunate in being able to procure Mrs. Demarchus C. Brown, of Indianapolis, to address the meeting. She told in a very charming way of her travels in England and the British Isles last summer. She entertained her hearers with her description of England, Scotland and Wales, telling of the beauties of lakes, meadows and villages with their quaint stone houses and the favorable impression she received of the English people and spoke with pride of England's literature, art and laws and said that the best that we have in citizenship has descended from England.

The speaker deplored the fact that so great a calamity as war should come at the present time because she said it would set back one thousand years the progress which so far had been made in providing the solution for the internal difficulties facing England. She also called attention to the fact that it was always the best and strongest in every respect of a nation's human product who were chosen and sent to the front to pose as human targets for their country's sake, while the culls were left to live on, and left it with her hearers to imagine the result.

Mrs. Brown has a very charming

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personality and the hundred ladies who were fortunate enough to hear her expressed their desire to be able to do so again at some near future date. Miss Rachel Barbour presided at the piano during the social hour, while the Misses Lois Casey, Jean Webber, Anette Kessler, Marian Mains and Hilda Howe assisted in serving.

SURPRISED.

Mrs. Carroll Bush was given a delightful surprise Wednesday evening at her home on West Second street, by the members of her Five Hundred Club in honor of her birthday. The evening was a pleasant one to all present and especially to the guest of honor. Mrs. Bush was presented with a piece of cut glass. Refreshments were served during the evening.

APPRECIATIVE AUDIENCE HEARD SPLENDID PROGRAM

Recital Given by Students of Seymour Conservatory of Music, Assisted by Faculty Members.

A recital of unusual merit was given before an appreciative audience at the Majestic Theater Wednesday night by the students of the Seymour Conservatory of Music, assisted by several faculty members. The program was under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Schneek Memorial Hospital as a benefit for that institution. The program was varied and well balanced, two sketches being presented by the department of dramatic art of which Arthur J. Beriault is the head.

The first number of the program was "Lustspiel Overture," by Keler Bela, and was given by the Misses Luella Toms, Effie White, Lora Reynolds and Clara Oesting. In the rendition of this selection the musicians were afforded an opportunity to show both skill and talent together with their careful training and it was one of the strongest numbers heard during the evening. The pianists deserved the round of applause which greeted them.

"The Hebrew" was the title of the sketch given by Mr. Beriault, who assumed the role of Isadore Finkelstein, a merchant prince from the Ghetto, the Misses Ora Droege as Rachel, his daughter, and Mary Teckmeyer as Mabel Jamieson, whose late husband was a former business enemy of Isadore. The merchant prince had ambitions of becoming a

millionaire through a Montana railroad promotion scheme but received a telegram on Christmas eve that the corporation had failed and that he was penniless. About the same time Isadore and his daughter received a number of presents among them being a \$500 note from a man who had taken advantage of the father years before. After the telegram was received Mrs. Jamieson called and explained that she was left in poverty and made an appeal for help, and Isadore gave her the money which had just come to him. While he was lamenting the failure of the railroad project another telegram was delivered and stated that the first message was sent out to cause a depreciation of stock and that the shares had increased in value many times and that his dream of becoming a millionaire was at last realized. Each character was well presented and the lines were interpreted well.

Miss Lorita Bollinger, with Miss Reynolds at the second piano, gave "Andante et Scherzettino" by Chamade, and the precision with which it was rendered proved the unusual ability of the young musician, Miss Lillian Griffitts, violinist, delighted the audience with a selection by Bohm. The fingering was exacting and the tones were clear and sweet.

The Misses Eleanor Ahlbrand and Lillian Osterman gave a very able rendition of "Feu Roulan," by Duvernoy, which was greatly appreciated. Miss Mary Gillespie charmed her hearers with two vocal selections, "Obstination," by H. DeFontenailles, and "Audacity" by C. Washbourne. Miss Gillespie showed great natural talent as well as careful training and had perfect control of the tones which were sweet and clear.

A violin duo, "Traum der Fenner," by Labitsky, was given by the Misses Frieda Aufderheide and Mary Teckmeyer, both of whom are favorites with Seymour audiences. The difficult selection was beautiful and that the audience appreciated it was shown by the hearty encore.

The closing musical number was given by the Misses Toms and Lora Reynolds, "Concerto op 69" by Hilfer, which was skillfully executed. They rendered the selection with the technique and expression of artists to the delight of lovers of classical music.

A comedy sketch, "The Happy Pair" was presented by Mr. Beriault and Miss Lois Reynolds as Mr. and

miss Honeypon, and brought forth round after round of laughter. Miss Reynolds in the role of a young bride presented a character of several moods which were protracted so realistic that the character itself was entirely forgotten.

Big Coal Sale.

The rest of this year (1914) I will make no advance in the price of coal. Will sell the best grades of Eastern coal at \$4.00 per ton delivered. This coal is to be well forked and of the very best quality. The very best Indiana coal at \$3.00 per ton, well forked, and is as good quality coal as can be had for the price. I have it in both lump and egg size. The egg size is an excellent range coal. 28d G. H. Anderson.

Attention Red Men.

All members urged to be present at next regular meeting, Nov. 20th. Business of importance and work in the second degree.

Louis H. Fox, Sachem.

Daniel H. Sprenger, C. of R. n20d&w

Methodist Aid Society.

The Aid Society of the First M. E. Church will hold an all day meeting, Friday, November 20th, in the church parlors. All members are urged to be present.

Edith Kasperlain, President.

Miss Lenore Stanfield, of Memphis, Tenn., is the guest of friends in this city.

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Northbound	Southbound
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6:40 a. m. I	C. 6:20 a. m.
7:40 a. m. I	G. 7:28 a. m.
8:18 a. m. I	I. 9:00 a. m.
9:40 a. m. I	I. * 9:10 a. m.
11:18 a. m. I	I. 11:00 a. m.
11:40 a. m. I	I. * 11:10 a. m.
1:18 p. m. I	I. 1:00 p. m.
1:40 p. m. I	I. * 2:10 p. m.
3:18 p. m. I	I. 3:00 p. m.
3:35 p. m. I	I. * 4:10 p. m.
5:40 p. m. I	I. 5:00 p. m.
6:18 p. m. I	I. * 6:10 p. m.
7:40 p. m. I	I. 7:00 p. m.
8:18 p. m. I	I. 8:00 p. m.
8:35 p. m. I	I. * 9:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m. G	I. 10:00 p. m.
11:59 p. m. C	I. 11:40 p. m.

—Indianapolis.

C—Columbus.

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Bedford	8:53 a.m.	4:07 p.m.
Odon	9:13 a.m.	5:20 p.m.
Elmira	10:38 a.m.	6:20 p.m.
Beechunter	10:38 a.m.	6:20 p.m.
Linton	10:50 a.m.	6:22 p.m.
Jacksonville	11:23 a.m.	6:52 p.m.
Ar. Terre Ha.	12:20 p.m.	7:45 p.m.

SOUTHWBOUND

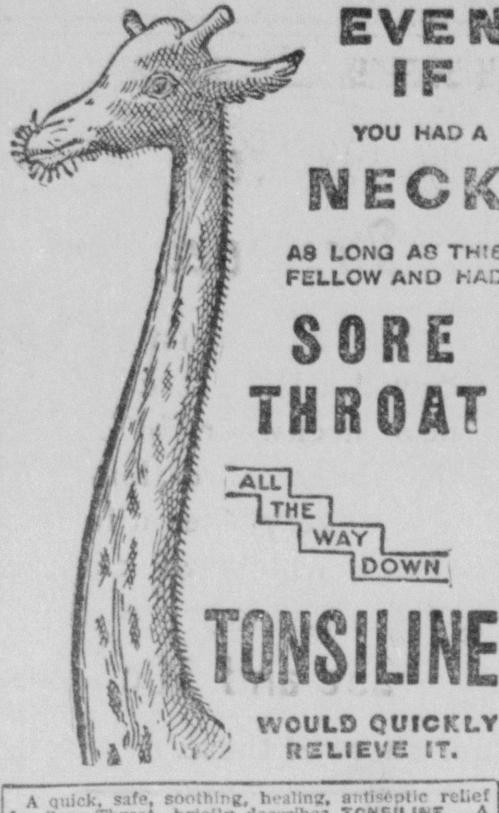
SOUTHWBOUND		
Daily	No. 1	No. 3
Leave Terre Haute	5:50 a.m.	1:10 p.m.
Bedford	6:46 a.m.	2:05 p.m.
Jasonville	7:14 a.m.	2:33 p.m.
Linton	7:14 a.m.	2:33 p.m.
Beechunter	7:30 a.m.	2:46 p.m.
Elmira	7:45 a.m.	3:00 p.m.
Odon	7:58 a.m.	3:12 p.m.
Bedford	9:20 a.m.	3:25 p.m.
Ar. Seymour	10:50 a.m.	6:05 p.m.

No. 2 Mixed Train Northbound, leaves Westport 8:30 a. m., arrives Seymour 8:45 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 27 Mixed Train Southbound leaves Seymour 3:20 p. m., arrives at Westport 4:30 p. m., daily except Sunday.

For further information or time tables call on or write V. A. WRAY, G. A. Seymour, Ind.

J. T. AVERITT, G. P. A.,
B. & O. Station, Chicago, Ill.



EPITOME OF WAR'S REPORTS

Decisive Results Are Still Lacking.

BLOODY ENGAGEMENTS

Both In Belgium and In the East Fighting Is Desperate.

GREAT ARMIES IN ACTION

From All Points at Front Come Tales of Carnage.

Berlin, Nov. 19.—Fighting in West Flanders continues and the situation on the whole remains the same. In the forest of Argonne our attacks continue successful. French sorties to the south of Verdun were repulsed.

London, Nov. 19.—A terrific combat of artillery characterizes the fighting in Belgium and northern France, according to the announcements of the French government. There were infantry operations near Bixchoote, where the allies gained ground, and near Ypres, where the British stood solidly against the German attack.

He discloses that there are only 45,963 soldiers available for the mobile army within the United States; that the coast artillery is short 13,018 men; that neither the Philippines, Hawaii, Alaska, nor the Panama canal can be defended by the garrisons there and that changes should be made in the type of coast guns to offset the superiority of modern naval guns.

Despondency Due to Indigestion.

It is not at all surprising that persons who have indigestion become discouraged and despondent. Here are a few words of hope and cheer for them by Mrs. Blanche Bowers, Indiana, Pa. "For years my digestion was so poor that I could only eat the lightest foods. I tried everything that I heard of to get relief, but not until about a year ago when I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and got a bottle of them, did I find the right treatment. I soon began to improve, and since taking a few bottles of them my digestion is fine." For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

A DARING BANK ROBBERY

Cracksmen Turn a Job at Chalmers and Make Escape.

Chalmers, Ind., Nov. 19.—After blowing open the safe with nitroglycerin five bandits obtained about \$3,000 from the State bank here and made their escape. The robbers first cut all telephone wires leading from the town. John Vaughan, who conducts a hotel over the bank, was aroused and when he went downstairs to investigate one of the robbers who was on guard knocked him down. The robbers obtained about \$2,300 in currency and several hundred dollars in silver and gold. It is believed that the robbers had an automobile hidden somewhere north of Chalmers and escaped in the motor car.

Best Cough Medicine for Children.

"Three years ago when I was living in Pittsburgh one of my children had a hard cold and coughed dreadfully. Upon the advice of a druggist I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it benefited him at once. I find it the best cough medicine for children because it is pleasant to take. They do not object to taking it," writes Mrs. Lafayette Tuck, Homer City, Pa. This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. Sold by all dealers.

Advertisement.

BOMBARDED LIBAU HARBOR

Destructive Work of German Cruisers in a Russian Port.

Libau, Nov. 19.—A squadron of cruisers from the German Baltic sea fleet, accompanied by several destroyers, bombarded the harbor here for more than four hours. Several factories were damaged, the petroleum reservoir was shelled and destroyed, the railway station was set on fire and houses in the poorer part of the town were damaged.

The Germans also brought along some small cargo steamers which they sank in the entrance to the harbor.

Five persons were killed by the bombardment, including two women and thirty or forty were wounded.

Stockholm Reports Sounds of Very Heavy Cannonading.

Copenhagen, Nov. 19.—Reports from Stockholm tell of very heavy cannonading being heard off Gotland. The first shots were evidently from the most powerful guns and resembled great explosions. They were followed by broadsides of ordinary naval guns. The firing lasted for an hour without interruption. Then came a pause of fifteen minutes, after which the cannonading was resumed, lasting until late in the evening.

BENTON C. DECKER

Captain of the Tennessee, Fired on by Turkish Fort.



Photo by American Press Association.

EARLY APOLOGY IS LOOKED FOR

Turkey Is Expected to Disavow Intent.

THE TENNESSEE INCIDENT

Action of the Turkish Fort at Smyrna in firing on an American Cruiser Has Been Made the Subject of Grave Official Concern at Washington, Though Proper Explanations, It Is Thought, Will Clear the Situation.

Athens, Nov. 19.—The Smyrna authorities, fearing that the United States cruiser Tennessee will bombard the town, have left for the interior. The port of Smyrna is garrisoned by 35,000 Turkish troops.

Washington, Nov. 19.—While reports of the captain's steam launch of the armored cruiser Tennessee being fired upon by Turkish forts at Smyrna have been confirmed in official advices to the navy department, all action by the United States government in the matter is being deferred until more complete information regarding the incident can be obtained.

Through Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople and from Captain Decker of the Tennessee, the state and navy departments sought to get more detailed accounts of what happened. Captain Decker's brief report to Secretary Daniels left a great deal to be desired in the matter of furnishing a complete understanding of what occurred.

While officials here admit the gravity of the possibilities contained in the incident, they earnestly hope and believe that it may be speedily adjusted with proper explanations. It is thought improbable that the matter will develop into a second Tampico incident, partly because of the greater seriousness of the consequences should the United States make such demands on Turkey as were submitted to President Huerta at Mexico City last spring. The important differences between making demands on distant Turkey, at war with Germany and Austria against Russia and England, and similar demands on the president of revolution-ridden Mexico is fully appreciated here.

Petrograd, Nov. 19.—In Bukowina the Austrians are giving way before the Russians. A dispatch from Marmonitza, on the Austrian-Roumanian frontier, says that furious fighting is going on in Bukowina and that the Austrians seem unable to halt the Russian advance.

Petrograd, Nov. 19.—The Russians have held up and are rolling back the new German advance from Thorn into Russian Poland. The movement is being crushed without the Russians having to abate their energetic penetration northward into East Prussia.

The fighting in the swampy forests to the northward is very stubborn and slow. Signs are accumulating that the kaiser is determined to stake everything in the eastern campaigns in the operations developing from Thorn. These still are separated by a hundred miles from the terrible hand to hand struggle in the Mazur lake region, where the Russians are beating the easternmost German army to the ground.

The battles are fought in a dim winter light. The Germans, advancing over what seem to be clear spaces, know only by the terrific explosions that they have fallen among mines. Thousands of fragments of men, horses and weapons are thrown through the fire and smoke into the surrounding darkness. Other German columns behind still resist attack in dense masses and the Russians are able to cover a few miles only through indescribable carnage, the ground being covered with heaps of bodies massed among the wreckage of transport columns which have been stalled by the Russian artillery.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels was quick to point out that the firing on the Tennessee's launch might well have been merely shots of warning to her not to proceed further on her course. That is, it is suggested that the Turks were merely giving notice that foreign vessels were not to enter Smyrna and were not trying to sink the American boat.

Real anxiety, however, entirely separate from the incident of the firing is caused by the statement in Captain Decker's report that Consul General Horton at Smyrna is apprehensive for the safety of the consulate. This statement, it is feared, implies that conditions in Smyrna are bad and that the anti-foreign sentiment which has long been gathering there has reached a dangerous pitch. Further information on this point is anxiously awaited. There are about fifty Americans in Smyrna, mostly missionaries.

The South African government reports that General DeWet's followers are disheartened as a result of their recent defeat and are fleeing in all directions.

The German authorities have notified the American commission in charge of relief for the Belgians that they will co-operate in the distribution of food for the starving.

There is talk of the formation of a Balkan league to prevent Servia from being overwhelmed and dismembered by Austria. The Italian government favors such a league, but refuses to take the initiative.

Italy is keeping a vigilant watch on the frontier so that reservists cannot leave the country to take advantage of the high wages offered by Austria and Germany for laborers to take the places of the men at war.

The German embassy at Rome has invited a party of Italian journalists to make a month's excursion to Germany at the German government's expense, to include visits to battlefields, the Zeppelins and other sight seeing.

The German Destroyer Sunk.

Petrograd, Nov. 19.—It is stated here on the best authority that a German destroyer struck a mine and sank during the bombardment of Libau on Tuesday.

The British naval casualties to date are given as 6,025.

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"Gets-It" the New Way, 2 Drops Do It To endure the pains and tortures caused by a little thing like a corn is ridiculous, simply because it is unnecessary. The new-plan corn cure.



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With every \$10.00 purchase we will give you a handsome shirt waist, valued at \$2.00.

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Sample sets, Black and Brown Coney. Values **\$5.98**
up to \$10.....

STRIPED LYNX
Beautiful striped Lynx **\$9.90**
sets, values up to \$15....

RED FOX

Genuine Red Fox lined with silk. Values **\$12.90**
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MUFFS
Black and Brown
made in large sizes,
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MUFFS
Large Pillow Muffs,
lined with satin,
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With every purchase amounting to \$10 or more, we give you, absolutely free, a beautiful Fall Shirt Waist Worth **\$2.**

Cape and College Coats

Fancy Mixtures, no solid colors, values up to \$10..... **5.98**



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One lot of sample coats, only one of a kind made in different styles and colors **\$8.90**
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THE FASHION

8 South Chestnut Street, Opposite Farmers Club

The Maids of Paradise

By Robert W. Chambers

Author of "Cardigan," "The Conspirators," "Maids-at-Arms," etc.

Illustrations by
O. Irwin Myers

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CHAPTER VII.

A Struggle Foreshadowed.

I took my breakfast by the window, watching the German soldiery cleaning up Morsbronn.

A soldier came in and started the fire in my fireplace. When he went out I drew my code-book from my breeches pocket and tossed it into the fire. After it followed my commission, my memoranda, and every scrap of writing. The diamonds I placed in my pocket of my flannel shirt.

A German ambulance surgeon arrived to see me in the afternoon.

After a brief examination he sat down and resumed a very bad cigar, which had been smouldering between his carefully kept fingers.

"Do you know?" he said admiringly, "that I have never before seen just such a wound. The spinal column is not even grazed. As far as I can see the blow from the bullet temporarily paralyzed the spinal cord. There is no fracture, no depression. I do not see why you should not walk if you desire to."

"When? Now?"

"Try it," he said, briefly.

I tried. Apart from a certain muscular weakness and a great fatigue, I found it quite possible to stand, even to move a few steps. Then I sat down again, and was glad to do so.

The doctor was looking at my legs rather grimly, and it suddenly flashed on me that I had dropped my blanket and he had noticed my hussar's trousers.

"So," he said, "you are a military prisoner? I understood from the provost marshal that you were a civilian."

As he spoke Buckhurst appeared at the door, and then sauntered in, quietly greeting the surgeon, who looked around at the sound of his footsteps on the stone floor. There was no longer a vestige of doubt in my mind that Buckhurst was a German agent, or at least that the Germans believed him to be in their pay. And doubtless he was in their pay, but to whom he was faithful nobody could know with any certainty.

"How is our patient, doctor?" he asked. "Can he travel today?"

"Before he travels," said the officer, "it might be well to find out why he

wears part of a hussar uniform."

"I've explained that to the provost," observed Buckhurst, examining his well-kept finger-nails. "And I have a pass for him also—if he is in a fit condition to travel.

The officer gave him a glance full of frank dislike, adjusted his saber, pulled on his white gloves, and, bowing very slightly to me, marched straight out of the room and down the stairs without taking any notice of Buckhurst. The latter looked after the officer, then his indifferent eyes returned to me. Presently he sat down and produced a small slip of paper, which he very carefully twisted into a cocked hat.

"I suppose you doubt my loyalty to France," he said.

Then, logically continuing my role of the morning, I began to upbraid him for traitor and swear that I would not owe my salvation to him.

"You are unjust and a trifle stupid," he said. "I am paid by Prussia for information which I never give. But I have the entree of their lines. I do it for the sake of the Internationale. The Internationale has a few people in its service. . . . And it pays them well."

He looked squarely at me as he said this. I almost trembled with delight: the man undervalued me, he had taken me at my own figure, and now, holding me in absolute contempt, he was going to begin on me.

"Scarlett," he said, in English, "let us come to the point. I am a mercenary American; you are an American mercenary, paid by the French government. You care nothing for that government or for the country; you would drop both today if your pay ceased. You and I are outsiders; we are in the world to watch our chances and our chance is here."

"The time is coming when the richest city in Europe will be put to the sack. You don't believe it? Yet you shall live to see Paris besieged, and you shall live to see Paris surrender, and you shall live to see the Internationale rise up from nowhere, seize the government by the throat, and choke it to death under the red flag of universal—ahem! . . . license—the faintest sneer came into his pallid face—"and every city of France shall be a commune, and we shall pass from city to city, leisurely, under the law—our laws, which we will make—and I pity the man among us who cannot place his millions in the banks of England and America!"

He leaned forward in his chair, idly twisting his crumpled bit of paper in one hand.

"I am not fool enough to believe that our reign will last," he said. "It may last a month, two months, perhaps three. Then we leaders will be at one another's throats—and the game is up! It's always so—mob rule can't last—it never has lasted and never will. But the prudent man will make hay before the brief sunshine is ended; I expect to economize a little, and set aside enough—well, enough to make it pay, you see."

"He's bound to get to Paradise. Why?" I wondered, and said, aloud.

"What do you want of me?"

"I want immunity from the secret

police, Mr. Scarlett."

"There is one thing I want to ask you," said I. "Why do you desire to go to Paradise?"

"Well," he said, slowly, "I shall not tell you."

"Why not?" I demanded.

"But I'll say this," he continued.

"I want you to come to Paradise with me and that fool of a woman. I want you to report to your government that you are watching the house in Paradise, and that you are hoping to catch me there."

"You refuse to tell me why you wish to stay at the house in Paradise?"

"Yes. . . . I refuse. And, by-the-way, the Countess is to think that I have presented myself in Paris and that the government has pardoned me."

He rose and walked to the window; at the same moment I heard the sound of wheels below.

"I believe that is our carriage," he said. "Are you ready to start, Mr. Scarlett?"

"Is the Countess de Vassart to go with us?" I asked, trying to find a reason for these events which were succeeding one another too quickly to suit me.

He gave me an absent-minded nod; a moment later the Countess entered. Buckhurst aided me to rise, the Count-

ess part of a hussar uniform."

"I've explained that to the provost," observed Buckhurst, examining his well-kept finger-nails. "And I have a pass for him also—if he is in a fit condition to travel.

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French outposts at Saverne," said the provost dryly. "If there are no longer French outposts at Saverne, you may demand a visa for your pass and continue south to Strasbourg."

Buckhurst half turned towards the driver. "Allez," he said, quietly, and the two gaunt horses moved on.

"Is there a railroad at Saverne?" I asked.

"You will take a train at Strasbourg," replied Buckhurst.

"And then? Are we going direct to Paris?"

"Madame de Vassart desires to go there," he said, glancing at her with a sort of sneaking deference which he now assumed in her presence.

"It is true," said the Countess, turning to me. "I wish to rest for a little while before I go to Pointe Paradiso. I am curiously tired of poverty, Monsieur Scarlett," she added, and held out her shabby gloves with a gesture of despair; "I am reduced to very little—I have scarcely anything left, . . . and I am weak enough to long for the scent of the winter violets on the boulevards."

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"I want immunity from the secret

French outposts at Saverne," said the prov

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NO SOUND BASIS FOR PEACE HOPE

Situation In Mexico Once More Acute.

VILLA SHOWS HIS HIGH HAND

Dispatches Received at Washington Indicate That a State of War Again Virtually Exists in the Southern Republic, All Negotiations For a Compromise Between Factionists Having Come to an End.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Those who had pinned any hopes on the announcement a few days ago that peace is assured in Mexico have been disillusioned by further reports to the state department.

Dispatches have been received indicating that a state of war now virtually exists. From Aguas Calientes it was reported that all negotiations for compromise between Carranza and the convention are at an end, while from Villa's headquarters came the statement that the leader of the convention's forces is rapidly proceeding southward toward Mexico City and has already occupied the town of Leon without meeting any resistance.

The optimism manifested at the state department a few days ago was due to reports from its agents in Mexico that everything was arranged satisfactorily. It now appears that there was no sound basis for such report of the situation, and that Carranza still refuses to resign on any terms which the Aguas Calientes convention can accept.

Not only does Carranza insist that Villa must leave the country and meet him at Havana, but demands also that the executive power be given not to General Gutierrez, the convention's choice for president, but to some man in whom Carranza has trust and confidence. He suggests General Gonzales as being such a man. And there the situation stands with Carranza apparently determined more than ever to make a fight to maintain his present authority.

Officials here now despair of hostilities being averted between the Carranza forces and the troops of the convention led by Villa. It appears there never was any foundation for reports that Villa intended to give up his military command and leave Mexico.

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EXPERIENCED—Male stenographer wants location in or near Seymour. Owns own machine. Inquire here. n20d

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Good to choice steers, 1,150 to 1,250 lbs. 8.25@ 9.00

Common to medium steers, 1,150 to 1,250 lbs. 8.00@ 8.50

Good to choice steers, 900 to 1,100 pounds. 7.50@ 8.25

Common to medium steers, 900 to 1,100 lbs. 6.50@ 7.50

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Good to choice lights, 160 to 180 lbs. 7.05@7.15

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Good to choice yearlings 5.30@6.00

Common to medium yearlings 4.50@5.25

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